

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA

Paige Kinney,

Petitioner,

v.

United States of America,

Respondent.

No. CV-13-00510-PHX-NVW
CR-10-00796-PHX-NVW

**ORDER
and
DENIAL OF CERTIFICATE OF
APPEALABILITY AND IN FORMA
PAUPERIS STATUS**

Before the Court are Petitioner's Motion Under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 to Vacate, Set Aside or Correct Sentence by Person in Federal Custody (Doc. 1), United States Magistrate Judge Bridget S. Bade's Report and Recommendation (Doc. 18), Petitioner's Objections to the Magistrate's Report and Recommendation (Doc. 21), and the United States' Limited Response to Defendant's Objection to Magistrate Judge's Report and Recommendation (Doc. 23).

In CR-10-00796-PHX-NVW ("2010 case") and CR-11-00491-PHX-NVW ("2011 case"), Defendant pleaded guilty pursuant to written plea agreements in which she waived any right to collaterally attack her convictions and sentences under 28 U.S.C. § 2255. During the change-of-plea proceeding before Magistrate Judge David K. Duncan, Defendant stated that she had read both plea agreements, understood them, had opportunity to discuss them with counsel, and had not been forced or threatened to plead guilty. During the sentencing proceeding, the Court summarized the terms of each plea agreement, and counsel confirmed the accuracy of each summary.

1
2 In each plea agreement Defendant acknowledged that the United States Sentencing
3 Guidelines are only advisory and that after considering the Sentencing Guidelines, the
4 Court is free to exercise its discretion to impose any reasonable sentence up to the
5 maximum set by statute for the crimes of conviction. The plea agreements stated
6 Defendant could receive a maximum sentence of 40 years in the 2010 case and a
7 maximum sentence of 170 years in the 2011 case.

8 Under the written plea agreements, the parties stipulated that for the purposes of
9 considering the Sentencing Guidelines in the 2010 case the total loss amount was
10 assumed to be between \$2,500,000 and \$7,000,000, Defendant's sentence in the 2010
11 case would not exceed 120 months, and Defendant's sentence in the 2011 case would not
12 exceed 60 months. The plea agreements stated that the parties had no agreement on
13 whether the sentence imposed in the 2011 case would run consecutive to or concurrent
14 with the sentence imposed in the 2010 case. During the sentencing proceeding, the
15 parties acknowledged that the sentences were required by statute to run consecutively
16 because the offenses in the 2011 case were committed while on pretrial release, but the
17 Court had discretion to impose consecutive sentences that would not exceed the limits
18 stated in the plea agreements.

19 Regarding the 2010 case, the Court questioned the presentence report writer
20 regarding a mathematical computation, and the writer acknowledged a computational
21 error. The record shows that the Court did not rely on the presentence report's erroneous
22 computation.

23 The presentence report for the 2010 case rejected the plea agreement's three-level
24 downward adjustment for acceptance of responsibility because Defendant committed new
25 crimes while on pretrial release, and the Court agreed she should not receive credit for
26 acceptance of responsibility. However, finding that the parties had in good faith thought
27 acceptance of responsibility was available, they agreed to it, and Defendant relied on that
28 agreement, the Court invited the government to authorize the Court to give Defendant a

1
2 three-level variance initiated by the government and in lieu of credit for acceptance of
3 responsibility. The government did so, and the Court granted the three-level variance to
4 protect Defendant's reliance.

5 The presentence report for the 2010 case also recommended finding a loss level of
6 at least \$20 million instead of between \$2,500,000 and \$7,000,000 as stated in the plea
7 agreement. After lengthy discussion and concluding that the real force of the plea
8 agreement was to limit the sentence for the 2010 case to 120 months, the Court accepted
9 the parties' agreement to limit the loss level to \$7,000,000 for the purpose of considering
10 the Sentencing Guidelines. As a result, the Court sentenced Defendant to 120 months in
11 prison for the 2010 case. The Court also accepted the plea agreement for the 2011 case
12 and sentenced Defendant to 60 months in prison to be served consecutive to the sentence
13 imposed in the 2010 case. Defense counsel for each of the cases stated on the record that
14 the sentences complied with the plea agreements.

15 The Court has considered Petitioner's objections and reviewed the Report and
16 Recommendation de novo. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b); 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1) (stating that
17 the Court must make a de novo determination of those portions of the Report and
18 Recommendation to which specific objections are made). The Court accepts the
19 magistrate judge's recommended disposition within the meaning of Rule 72(b), Fed. R.
20 Civ. P., and overrules Petitioner's objections. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1) (stating that the
21 district court "may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the findings or
22 recommendations made by the magistrate").


23 IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the Report and Recommendation of
24 Magistrate Judge Bridget S. Bade (Doc. 18) to deny and dismiss Petitioner's motion
25 under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 is accepted.

26 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Petitioner's Motion Under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 to
27 Vacate, Set Aside or Correct Sentence by Person in Federal Custody (Doc. 1) is denied
28 and dismissed with prejudice.

1
2 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk of the Court shall enter judgment
3 accordingly and terminate this action.

4 Having considered the issuance of a Certificate of Appealability from the order
5 denying Petitioner's Motion Under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 to Vacate, Set Aside or Correct
6 Sentence by Person in Federal Custody, the Court FINDS: Certificate of Appealability
7 and leave to proceed in forma pauperis on appeal are DENIED because Petitioner has not
8 made a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right. *See* Rule 11(a), Rules
9 Governing Section 2255 Cases in the United States District Courts; 28 U.S.C.
10 § 2253(c)(3).

11 Dated this 26th day of June, 2014.

12
13 
14 _____
15 Neil V. Wake
16 United States District Judge
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28